

classification of such visa was based upon his or her status as a child at the time of issuance shall not cease to be entitled to such visa by reason of attaining age twenty-one or marrying prior to his or her application for admission into the United States.

(4) An alien who has elected to have the period of validity of his or her visa extended pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) of this section shall, if his or her contemplated date of application for admission into the United States is later than six months following the date of visa issuance, notify the appropriate consular officer of his or her intention to travel to the United States for this purpose. The consular officer shall thereupon schedule an appointment with such alien for the purpose of determining whether or not the alien remains admissible into the United States as an immigrant. Such appointment shall be scheduled not sooner than six months preceding the alien's contemplated date of application for admission for permanent residence. If the consular officer determines that the alien continues to be admissible to the United States as an immigrant, he or she shall issue to the alien a duplicate immigrant visa as provided in § 42.74 of this part except that the alien shall pay only a new issuance fee. If the consular officer determines that the alien has become inadmissible to the United States as an immigrant, he or she shall revoke the visa as provided in § 42.82 of this part. A consular officer who issues a visa having an extended period of validity pursuant to this paragraph shall, at the time of visa issuance, inscribe on the face of the visa "Section 154 applies" and shall notify in writing the alien concerned of this requirement.

[52 FR 42613, Nov. 5, 1987, as amended at 56 FR 32323, July 16, 1991; 61 FR 1836, Jan. 24, 1996; 62 FR 27694, May 21, 1997; 64 FR 28916, May 28, 1999]

§ 42.73 Procedure in issuing visas.

(a) *Insertion of data.* In issuing an immigrant visa, the issuing office shall insert the pertinent information in the designated blank spaces provided on Form OF-155A, Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration, in accordance with

the instructions contained in this section.

(1) A symbol as specified in § 42.11 shall be used to indicate the classification of the immigrant.

(2) An immigrant visa issued to an alien subject to numerical limitations shall bear a number allocated by the Department. The foreign state or dependent area limitation to which the alien is chargeable shall be entered in the space provided.

(3) No entry need be made in the space provided for foreign state or other applicable area limitation on visas issued to aliens in the classifications set forth in § 42.12(a)(1)–(7), but such visas may be numbered if a post voluntarily uses a consecutive post numbering system.

(4) The date of issuance and the date of expiration of the visa shall be inserted in the proper places on the visa and show the day, month, and year in that order, with the name of the month spelled out, as in "24 December 1986."

(5) In the event the passport requirement has been waived under § 42.2, a notation shall be inserted in the space provided for the passport number, setting forth the authority (section and paragraph) under which the passport was waived.

(6) A signed photograph shall be attached in the space provided on Form OF-155A by the use of a legend machine, unless specific authorization has been granted by the Department to use the impression seal.

(b) *Documents comprising an immigrant visa.* An immigrant visa consists of Form OF-155A and Form OF-230, Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration, properly executed, and a copy of each document required pursuant to § 42.63.

(c) *Arrangement of visa documentation.* Form OF-155A shall be placed immediately above Form OF-230 and the supporting documents attached thereto. Any document required to be attached to the visa, if furnished to the consular officer by the alien's sponsor or other person with a request that the contents not be divulged to the visa applicant, shall be placed in an envelope and sealed with the impression seal of the consular office before being attached to the visa. If an immigrant

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visa is issued to an alien in possession of a United States reentry permit, valid or expired, the consular officer shall attach the permit to the immigrant visa for disposition by INS at the port of entry. (Documents having no bearing on the alien's qualifications or eligibility to receive a visa may be returned to the alien or to the person who furnished them.)

(d) *Signature, seal, and issuance of visa.* The consular officer shall sign the visa (Form OF-155A) and impress the seal of the office on it so as to partially cover the photograph and the signature. The immigrant visa shall then be issued by delivery to the immigrant or the immigrant's authorized agent or representative.

[52 FR 42613, Nov. 5, 1987, as amended at 56 FR 49682, Oct. 1, 1991]

§ 42.74 Issuance of new or replacement visas.

(a) *New immigrant visa for a special immigrant under INA 101(a)(27)(A) and (B).*

(1) The consular officer may issue a new immigrant visa to a qualified alien entitled to status under INA 101(a)(27)(A) or (B), who establishes:

(i) That the original visa has been lost, mutilated or has expired, or

(ii) The alien will be unable to use it during the period of its validity;

(2) Provided:

(i) The alien pays anew the statutory application and issuance fees; and

(ii) The consular officer ascertains whether the original issuing office knows of any reason why a new visa should not be issued.

(b) *Replacement immigrant visa for an immediate relative or for an alien subject to numerical limitation.* (1) A consular officer may issue a replacement visa under the original number of a qualified alien entitled to status as an immediate relative (INA 201(b)(2)), a family or employment preference immigrant (INA 203(a) or (b)), or a diversity immigrant (INA 203(c)), if—

(i) The alien is unable to use the visa during the period of its validity due to reasons beyond the alien's control;

(ii) The visa is issued during the same fiscal year in which the original visa was issued, or in the following year, in the case of an immediate rel-

ative only, if the original number had been reported as recaptured;

(iii) The number has not been returned to the Department as a "recaptured visa number" in the case of a preference or diversity immigrant;

(iv) The alien pays anew the statutory application and issuance fees; and

(v) The consular officer ascertains whether the original issuing office knows of any reason why a new visa should not be issued.

(2) In issuing a visa under this paragraph (b), the consular officer shall insert the word "REPLACE" on Form OF-155A, Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration, before the word "IMMIGRANT" in the title of the visa.

(c) *Duplicate visas issued within the validity period of the original visa.* If the validity of a visa previously issued has not yet terminated and the original visa has been lost or mutilated, a duplicate visa may be issued containing all of the information appearing on the original visa, including the original issuance and expiration dates. The applicant shall execute a new application and provide copies of the supporting documents submitted in support of the original application. The alien must pay anew the application and issuance fees. In issuing a visa under this paragraph, the consular officer shall insert the word "DUPLICATE" on Form OF-155A before the word "IMMIGRANT" in the title of the visa.

[52 FR 42613, Nov. 5, 1987, as amended at 56 FR 49682, Oct. 1, 1991; 61 FR 1836, Jan. 24, 1996; 63 FR 4393, Jan. 29, 1998; 67 FR 1416, Jan. 11, 2002]

Subpart I—Refusal, Revocation, and Termination of Registration

§ 42.81 Procedure in refusing individual visas.

(a) *Issuance or refusal mandatory.* When a visa application has been properly completed and executed before a consular officer in accordance with the provisions of INA and the implementing regulations, the consular officer must either issue or refuse the visa under INA 212(a) or INA 221(g) or other applicable law. Every refusal must be in conformance with the provisions of 22 CFR 40.6.